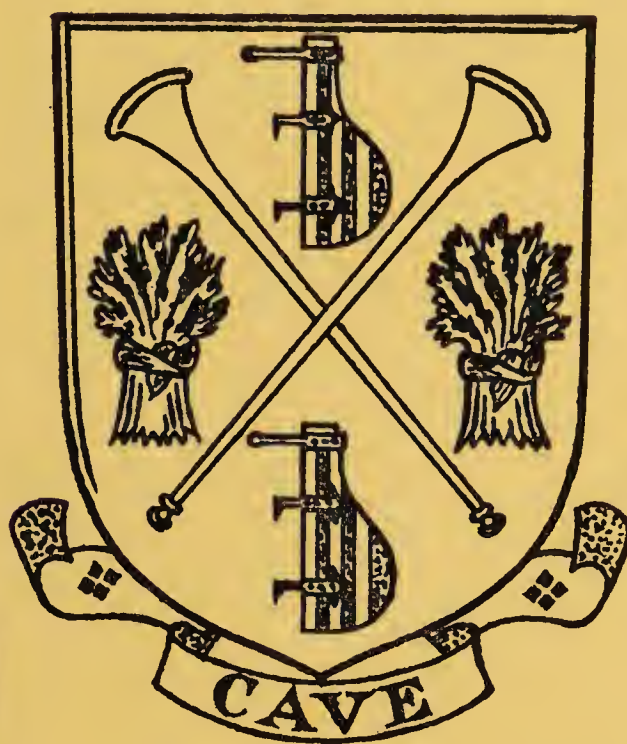
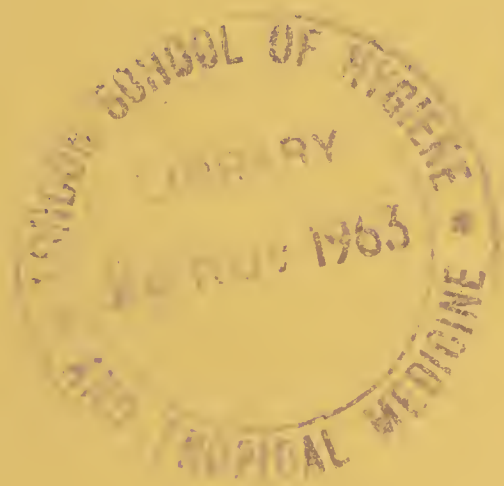


17.4421(3)

Library H.M. 541.509-50

EAST HERTFORDSHIRE COMBINED DISTRICTS  
WARE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL



# ANNUAL REPORT

of the

## MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

including the report of the

## SENIOR PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR FOR THE YEAR 1962

*September*  
1963

THE PRIORY,  
WARE,  
HERTS.



Digitized by the Internet Archive  
in 2018 with funding from  
Wellcome Library

<https://archive.org/details/b30232727>

# W A R E U R B A N D I S T R I C T

## Annual Report on the Health of the District for the year 1962

### I N D E X

	Page
<u>PREFACE</u>	3
<u>PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT</u> - Staff - Committee	5
<u>SECTION A.</u>	
<u>VITAL STATISTICS ETC.</u>	
Population Area in Acres No. of Inhabited Houses Rateable Value Product of Penny Rate	} Table 1 6
Births & Still Births Infant Deaths Maternal Deaths Deaths & Death Rate	} Table 2 7 8 9 9
Causes of Death	Table 3 10
<u>INFECTIOUS DISEASES</u>	
Prevalence & Control Tuberculosis	} Table 4 11 12
<u>COMMENT</u>	
General Statistics, Vital Statistics Causes of Death, Infectious Diseases Tuberculosis, Food Hygiene Regulations National Assistance Acts, Fluoridation of Water Supply, Reports, Building.	13 14 15 16 16
<u>SECTION B.</u>	
<u>GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES</u>	
Laboratory Services, County Council Health Services Hospital Services, G.P. & Dental Services, Other Services.	17 18





# I N D E X

(Continued)

## SECTION C.

Page

### SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

Preface of the Senior Public Health Inspector 19

### STATISTICAL RECORDS

#### Summary of Visits

Public Health Acts, Noise Abatement Act	}	20
National Assistance Act	}	
Vaccination, Clean Air Act, Caravan Sites &	}	
Control of Development Act, Housing Acts, Food	}	21
& Drugs Act	}	
Factories Act, Prevention of Damage by Pests	}	
Act, Shops Act	}	22

Notices etc. Served 23

### COMMENT

Water Supply, Quality, Piped Supplies, Swimming Pool		24
Drainage & Sewerage, Refuse Collection & Disposal		24
Common Lodging Houses.		24
Sewers, Drains & Sanitary Conveniences, Filthy or		25
Verminous Premises & Articles, Nuisances.		25
Noise Abatement Act, Clean Air Act, Caravan Sites		26
& Control of Development Act.		26
Housing Act, 1957, Improvement of Houses, Repair of		27
Unfit Houses.		27
Undertakings to Make Fit, Overcrowding, Housing		28
Underground Rooms Act, Meat Inspection, Meat Transport.		28
Other Stalls & Vehicles, Food Premises Registered		29
Premises.		29
Food Sampling, Ice Cream, Frozen Foods, Factories Act		30
Pest Control, Shops Act.		31

### HOUSING

Clearance Areas (Tabulated)		32
Individual Unfit (Tabulated)		32/33
New Housing Progress		34

### FOOD & DRUGS

Meat Inspection:	Animals killed & inspected.	35
" "	Meat & Offal Condemned, Other Foods.	36

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949 37/38

<u>ANNEX</u>	Factories Act, Part I	39
	Factories Act, Part VIII	40





EAST HERTFORDSHIRE COMBINED DISTRICTS  
REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH  
FOR THE YEAR 1962

W A R E   U R B A N   D I S T R I C T  
P R E F A C E

To the Chairman and Councillors, Ware Urban District,

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report upon the health of the Urban District of Ware for the year ending 31st December, 1962.

During 1962 the health of the district was most satisfactory. There have been no outbreaks of disease of any consequence, there has once more been a substantial increase in the population and this has been associated with an upward swing in the total number of live births. On the other hand, despite a population increase of 820, the total number of deaths has actually fallen below last year's figure.

In the early part of the year some alarm was occasioned in various parts of the country by outbreaks of smallpox imported from Pakistan. In the East Herts area a local scare was precipitated by the report that a smallpox contact had travelled in a train from Liverpool Street to Bishops Stortford. This led to local doctors being overwhelmed with requests for vaccination, the requests coming most frequently from adults who had never been vaccinated in infancy. As such primary vaccination of adults is not without an element of risk, the most desirable practice is for children to be vaccinated during the first two years of life, preferably in the second year. By doing so firstly the possibility of spread is reduced in the event of an outbreak, secondly a better response is obtained in revaccinated individuals and thirdly the risk of post-vaccinal complications is reduced. (A full account of the local incident is given in the text of the report.)

Despite the pleas that have been made in annual reports and in the local press for the public to take advantage of the facilities offered for immunisation not only against smallpox but also against poliomyelitis, diphtheria, whooping cough and tetanus, it would appear that results can often be obtained only by the threat of immediate danger. I would again urge the public to see that their children are protected so that a high state of immunisation can be built up in the community.





My thanks are due to the Chairman and Members of the Public Health Committee and the Council for their continued interest in the work of the Public Health Department. I must also record my appreciation of the help and support I have received from Mr. Lucas and Mr. Chapman during the past year. In addition I am grateful to the other Chief Officers and their staffs for their assistance during 1962.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,  
Your obedient Servant.

Gordon M. Frizelle.

Medical Officer of Health.



PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT - STAFF

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

Gordon M. FRIZELLE, T.D., M.D., D.P.H.,  
Certificate in Radiological Protection

Central Office:

Council Offices,  
High Street,  
Hoddesdon, Herts.

Telephone:

Office :-

Hoddesdon 3061

Private:-

Ware 2746

Deputy (Part-time) Medical Officer of Health

Peter de Bec TURTLE, V.R.D., M.A., B.M., B.Ch., D.P.H.,  
Haileybury and Imperial Service College, Hertford.  
Hoddesdon 2040

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTORS

Senior Public Health Inspector

C. J. LUCAS.

Certificate of the R.S.I. and S.I.E.J. Board.

Certificate for Inspectors of Meat and other Foods.

Smoke Inspector's Certificate.

Additional Public Health Inspector

J. C. CHAPMAN.

Certificate of the R.S.I., and S.I.E.J. Board.

Diploma in Hygiene (Royal Inst. Public Health and Hygiene)

Public Health Department

Council Offices,  
The Priory, Ware, Herts.

Telephone:- Ware 2425

Typing assistance to the Public Health Department was rendered by  
Miss J. French and Miss B. Acheson.

---

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

The Chairman of the Public Health and Public Works Committee for  
the session 1962/63 was Councillor Dr. J.W.E. Fellows.

Also on the Committee were Councillor Mrs. M.A. Davenport and  
Councillors Messrs. F.H. Beazley, C.W. Bowsher, H.A. Chapman, J. Clare,  
F.O. Clark, J.H. Murphy (Vice Chairman) and A.A. Wiggall.





SECTION A.

GENERAL STATISTICS 1962

(Table 1)

(Figures for 1961 are shown in brackets)

POPULATION

Estimated Mid Year Population of Ware Urban District

10,850

(10,030)

Natural Increase or decrease	...	...	+	41
Migration in or out	...	...	+	779
Total Increase or decrease	...	...	+	820

GENERAL STATISTICS

Area in Acres ... .. 1385.38

Number of Inhabited Houses according to Rate Books:

3,657

(3,292)

Number of Houses per acre.	2.64
Number of Persons per acre.	7.83
Number of Persons per house.	2.97

Rateable Value of District £159,288

Sum Represented by a Penny Rate. £647





# VITAL STATISTICS

( Table 2 )

Figures for 1961 are shown in brackets)

<u>LIVE BIRTHS</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legitimate	117 (83)	112 (80)	229 (163)
Illegitimate	4 ( 8)	3 ( 3)	7 ( 11)
Total Live Births	121 (91)	115 (83)	236 (174)
Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population	21.75	(17.35)	
Area Comparability Factor for Births	0.97	( 1.00)	
Standardised Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population	21.10	(17.35)	
Illegitimate Live Births per cent of total live births	2.97	( 6.32)	

<u>STILL BIRTHS</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legitimate	2 (2)	1 (1)	3 (3)
Illegitimate	- (-)	- (1)	- (1)
Total Still Births	2 (2)	1 (2)	3 (4)
Still Births rate per 1,000 total live and still-births	12.55	(22.47)	

<u>TOTAL LIVE AND STILL BIRTHS</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legitimate	119 (85)	113 (81)	232 (166)
Illegitimate	4 ( 8)	3 ( 4)	7 ( 12)
Total Live and Still Births	123 (93)	116 (85)	239 (178)

<u>COMPARISON RATES</u>	<u>Ware Urban District</u>	<u>Hertford County</u>	<u>England &amp; Wales</u>
Live Birth Rate	21.75	18.91	
Area Comparability Factor	0.97	0.9	
Standardised Birth Rate	21.10	16.37	18.0
Still Births Rate	12.55	14.22	18.1



Vital Statistics  
Table 2 Continued.

<u>INFANT DEATHS</u>	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
Infants under one week, total	2 (1)	- (2)	2 (3)
Legitimate	2 (-)	- (1)	2 (1)
Illegitimate	- (1)	- (1)	- (2)
Infants under four weeks, total.	2 (1)	- (2)	2 (3)
Legitimate	2 (-)	- (1)	2 (1)
Illegitimate	- (1)	- (1)	- (2)
Infants under one year, total	3 (3)	2 (2)	5 (5)
Legitimate	3 (2)	2 (1)	5 (3)
Illegitimate	- (1)	- (1)	- (2)

INFANT MORTALITY RATES

Infant Mortality Rate per 1,000 total live births. Total	21.19	(28.74)
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births	21.83	(18.40)
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	NIL	(181.82)
Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths of Infants under four weeks per 1,000 total live births)	8.47	(17.24)
Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths of infants under one week per 1,000 total live births)	8.47	(17.24)
Perinatal Mortality Rate (stillbirths and deaths of infants under one week combined - per 1,000 total live and still births)	20.92	(39.33)





Vital Statistics  
Table 2 continued

MATERNAL DEATHS

Maternal Deaths, including abortion	NIL	(NIL)
Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live and still births	-	(-)

DEATHS (Total)

Deaths of all ages	Males	84	(106)
	Females	111	(92)
	Total	195	(198)
Death Rate per 1,000 population		17.97	(19.74)
Area Comparability Factor for Deaths		0.60	(0.56)
Standardised Death Rate per 1,000 population		10.78	(11.05)

COMPARISON RATES

	<u>Ware Urban District</u>	<u>Hertford County</u>	<u>England &amp; Wales</u>
Infant Mortality Rate	21.19	17.76	20.7
Legitimate	21.83	17.45	
Illegitimate	NIL	24.67	
Neo-Natal Mortality Rate	8.47	13.02	15.1
Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate	8.47	11.35	
Perinatal Mortality Rate	20.92	31.73	
Maternal Mortality Rate	NIL	0.19	0.35
Death Rate	17.97	9.57	
Area Comparability Factor	0.60	1.13	
Standardised Death Rate	10.78	10.81	11.9





TABLE 3.

CAUSES OF DEATH DURING THE YEAR 1962

Line No.		M.	F.
	ALL CAUSES ... ..	84	111
1.	Tuberculosis, respiratory ... ..	1	0
2.	Tuberculosis, other ... ..	0	0
3.	Syphilitic disease ... ..	0	0
4.	Diphtheria ... ..	0	0
5.	Whooping Cough ... ..	0	0
6.	Meningococcal infections ... ..	0	0
7.	Acute Poliomyelitis ... ..	0	0
8.	Measles ... ..	0	0
9.	Other infective and parasitic disease	0	0
10.	Malignant neoplasm, stomach ... ..	3	2
11.	" " Lung, bronchus ... ..	4	0
12.	" " breast ... ..	0	8
13.	" " uterus ... ..	0	0
14.	Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	11	8
15.	Leukaemia, aleukaemia ... ..	0	0
16.	Diabetes ... ..	0	3
17.	Vascular Lesions of nervous system ...	13	28
18.	Coronary disease, angina ... ..	13	6
19.	Hypertension with heart disease ...	0	3
20.	Other heart disease ... ..	4	12
21.	Other circulatory disease ... ..	2	4
22.	Influenza ... ..	0	4
23.	Pneumonia ... ..	4	3
24.	Bronchitis ... ..	8	9
25.	Other diseases of respiratory system ...	0	1
26.	Ulcer of Stomach and duodenum ... ..	2	1
27.	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea ...	1	1
28.	Nephritis and nephrosis ... ..	0	1
29.	Hyperplasia of prostate ... ..	1	0
30.	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion ...	0	0
31.	Congenital malformations ... ..	0	0
32.	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	15	14
33.	Motor vehicle accidents ... ..	0	1
34.	All other accidents ... ..	2	1
35.	Suicide ... ..	0	1
36.	Homicide and operations of war ... ..	0	0
(a)	Still Births ... ..	2	1
(b)	Deaths of infants under four weeks of age	2	-
(c)	Deaths of infants four weeks to one year of age	1	2



TABLE 4.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Notifiable Disease (Other than Tuberculosis) Notified during the Year

		Age Group in Years.						<u>Age not known</u>
		<u>Under</u>					<u>Over</u>	
		1	1-	5-	15-	25-	65	-
<u>Disease</u>	<u>Total</u>							
Infective Hepatitis	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Measles	57	1	30	24	-	1	-	1
Whooping Cough	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

Incidence of Infectious Disease by Months:-

Infective Hepatitis	June, 1. December, 1.
Whooping Cough	December, 1.
Measles	March, 1. May, 2. June, 2. September, 1. October, 3. November, 23. December, 25.

No cases of Food Poisoning were notified.





TABLE 4 (Continued)

Tuberculosis Notifications during 1962

The year commenced with 67 names upon the Register, as follows:-

<u>Males:</u>	Pulmonary	36	Non-Pulmonary	3
<u>Females:</u>	Pulmonary	23	Non-Pulmonary	5

During the year four male pulmonary new cases were notified, one male and five female pulmonary and one female non-pulmonary moved into the district making eleven more cases in the area.

One male pulmonary case died. One male and one female pulmonary and one male and one female non-pulmonary left the district. Ten male and two female pulmonary and one female non-pulmonary cases recovered. Eighteen cases were thus removed from the register.

At the end of 1962 the following cases remained upon the Register:-

<u>Males:</u>	Pulmonary	29	Non-Pulmonary	2
<u>Females:</u>	Pulmonary	25	Non-Pulmonary	4

Total 60 Cases.





## GENERAL STATISTICS

The upward trend in the population figures has continued. The mid-year estimate for 1962 was 10,850 compared with 10,030 in 1961 giving an increase of 820 in the twelve months. This was made up of a natural increase of 41 and an inward migration of 779.

The number of inhabited houses in the district rose from 3,292 to 3,657, the number of houses per acre from 2.38 to 2.64, the number of persons per acre from 7.24 to 7.83 and the number of persons per house decreased from 3.05 to 2.97.

The rateable value of the district rose from £144,569 to £159,288. Revaluation of all property will take place in 1963.

## VITAL STATISTICS

The total number of live births was 236 compared with 174 in 1961. This raised the live birth rate from 17.35 to 21.75. The still births fell from 4 to 3 which reduced the still birth rate from 22.47 to 12.55.

There were no maternal deaths attributable to child birth or abortion.

The deaths of infants under one year of age totalled 5, the same figure as that of the two previous years. Two of these occurred under one week, none from one to four weeks and three from four weeks to one year.

The total number of deaths fell from 198 to 195, so that despite the total increase to the population the number of deaths decreased by three.

If one considers deaths occurring over the age of 70 it is found that a high proportion of the total number of deaths occurred very late in life. Separated into age groups the figures are as follows:-

Age group	<u>70 - 79</u>	<u>80 - 89</u>	<u>90 - 99</u>
No. of deaths	61	65	16

This shows that 142 or 72.8% of all the deaths happening during the year occurred in persons over the age of 70.





## CAUSES OF DEATH

Once again diseases of the heart and blood vessels caused the majority of deaths, these being 44 or 22.5% of the total. Following these closely came deaths due to vascular lesions of the nervous system causing 42 or 21.5%. This is understandable as vascular lesions of the nervous system are due to either the rupture or blockage of blood vessels in the brain, most commonly occurring in old persons.

Malignant disease came third on the list with 34 deaths or 17.4%. Of these cancer of the lung was responsible for only 4 deaths but "other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms" caused 19.

Once more "other defined and ill-defined diseases" are prominent in that 29 deaths come under this heading.

The Registrar General gives a figure of 5 for deaths of infants under one year of age but the Department holds only 4 death certificates in this age group. The causes of death here were Diabetes Mellitis, Prematurity, Broncho-pneumonia and Congenital Abnormality.

There was one suicide due to Barbiturate poisoning, one death due to a motor accident and three accidental deaths, due to a fall, to pulmonary embolism following a fractured femur and to heart failure following a fractured femur.

## INFECTIOUS DISEASES

There is little that calls for comment in the realms of infectious disease, but there follows an account of the course of the smallpox scare in January, 1962.

Early in January cases of Smallpox imported from Pakistan were reported from London, Birmingham, Cardiff and Bradford. Later in the year an outbreak also occurred in Glamorgan.

On 13th January a girl collapsed in Harrow and was taken by ambulance to hospital where she subsequently died. Later that day the ambulance which took her to hospital conveyed three patients who were being discharged from hospital to Liverpool Street Station where one of them was placed in a train to Bishops Stortford. At Bishops Stortford the patient was met by an ambulance and taken home to Essex.

After admission to hospital, the symptoms of the girl who had collapsed led to a provisional diagnosis of smallpox being made. In consequence, the hospital was closed, Liverpool Street Station was informed and the train which conveyed the returning patient to Bishops Stortford was taken out of service at Broxbourne at 10.28 p.m. Here the police advised passengers to seek vaccination from their own doctors.





Reports which started to reach me late on the night of Saturday, 13th January were confused and contradictory. It was well into the early hours of Sunday morning before a clear picture began to emerge and this was largely due to the invaluable assistance I received from the Hertford Ambulance Station, in particular the Ambulance Supervisory Officer on duty, to whom I am much indebted.

In the meantime doctors in many parts of East Herts. were being wakened with demands for immediate vaccination. Early on Sunday morning arrangements were made for the procurement of stocks of vaccine.

On Sunday, 14th January however, a post mortem examination on the deceased girl revealed that the cause of death was not smallpox at all and the hospital was accordingly reopened.

As soon as the full facts became known, especially the important fact that there was no question of smallpox, all doctors and authorities concerned were informed and a comprehensive statement was made to the Press, to whom I am very grateful for the wide publicity they gave in order to allay alarm. This emphasizes the important role the Press can play in assisting the Health Department.

Despite the fact that there was no cause for alarm, doctors in East Hertfordshire as elsewhere in the country were overwhelmed by requests for vaccination from persons who could not remotely be deemed to be contacts. This diverted supplies of vaccine from the areas where they were most needed to such an extent that for a time a National Rationing System had to be imposed. This was relaxed as additional stocks of vaccine became available.

The lesson to be learnt from this local incident as well as from the genuine outbreaks elsewhere is the importance of infant vaccination as pointed out in the preface to this report.

### TUBERCULOSIS

There was a further reduction by 7 of the cases on the tuberculosis register. Eighteen were removed from the register for the various reasons set out in Table 4 but these were offset by 4 new cases and 7 which moved into the District. The total at the end of the year was 60 composed of 54 pulmonary and 6 non-pulmonary.

### FOOD HYGIENE REGULATIONS, 1955-57

The supervision of food premises, cafes and canteens is an important part of the work of the Public Health Department. When necessary samples are taken for analysis and during the summer samples of ice cream are sent to the Public Health Laboratory. No infringements of the Regulations requiring statutory action were found during the year.







A paper by the M.O.H. entitled "The Preservation and Storage of Food" (subsequently published in the Journal of the Royal Institute of Public Health and Hygiene) was submitted to the Public Health Committee and distributed to every food retailer in the town.

#### NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACTS, 1948 and 1951

In January a patient suffering from the effects of a fall, in a somewhat confusional state, was seen in consultation with a local Medical Practitioner.

It was agreed that the patient was in need of care and attention under the provisions of Section 77 of the Act. The patient was accordingly moved to Western House under an order signed by a Justice of the Peace and subsequently died in hospital.

#### FLUORIDATION OF THE WATER SUPPLY

In the autumn, the Council agreed unanimously to support the proposal for the fluoridation of the water supply to a level of one part per million.

#### REPORTS

Special reports were submitted to the Committee on "The Tuberculous Immigrant", "Poisoning", and "The Preservation and Storage of Food". The first of these reports was brought to the attention of the Ministry of Health and the Urban District Councils' Association.

#### BUILDING

Building in Ware continued its upward trend during 1962 when 281 houses were built by private enterprise and 84 by the Council. The comparable figures for 1961 were 229 and 90. There are now 1,334 Council houses in the District.





## SECTION B

### GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR WARE

#### LABORATORY SERVICES

Laboratory facilities are provided by the Public Health Laboratory Service at Cambridge.

In emergency, medical specimens may be examined at the Laboratory of the County Hospital, Hertford.

#### COUNTY COUNCIL HEALTH SERVICES

The following County Council Services under the National Health Service Acts 1946-1957 are available for Ware. Full details can be obtained from the County Medical Officer, County Hall, Hertford.

##### Home Nursing, Midwifery, Health Visiting and Welfare Centres

Number of Nurses: 3

Welfare Centres: 1

##### Vaccinations against Smallpox, Diphtheria, Whooping Cough, Tetanus and Poliomyelitis

Babies can be immunised against the above named diseases at the Welfare Centre and similar facilities are provided by the family doctors. It is strongly urged that adults should avail themselves of the protection afforded against Poliomyelitis.

##### Home and Domestic Help

Applications for this Service should be addressed to the Local Organiser at 27 Bull Plain, Hertford (Telephone: Hertford 3232).

A charge may be made for this Service, in accordance with the County Council's Assessment scale.

##### Care and After Care

Applications for recuperative holidays, if recommended by the Medical Attendent, should be made to the County Medical Officer.

Equipment such as mackintosh sheet, crutches and wheel chairs can be issued on loan to patients being nursed at home and a weekly charge is made according to the financial circumstances of the patient. Applications should be made to Mr. A.C. Trundle, 57 High Oak Road, Ware.





### Ambulance Service

An Ambulance Station adjoins the Priory Grounds, Telephone Ware 2222. Except in emergency an ambulance should be ordered by a Medical Practitioner.

### Mental Health

Arrangements for patients requiring treatment under the Mental Health Act, 1959, may be made either by their own doctors or by the Mental Health Officer, Mr. J.H. Webster, Collett Road, Ware. (Telephone:- Ware 2541).

Help in respect of Mentally Defective persons can be obtained by application to the County Medical Officer.

An Occupation Centre for defective children has been established in Hertford.

### HOSPITAL SERVICES

Ware is served chiefly by the Hertford County Hospital, Hertford.

Chronic Sick can receive treatment at Western House Hospital, Collett Road, Ware.

Western House also provides beds under part III of the National Assistance Act, 1948 on behalf of the County Council.

Patients suffering from Infectious Disease are treated either at St. Ann's Hospital, Tottenham or South Lodge Hospital, World's End Lane, N. 21.

### GENERAL PRACTITIONER MEDICAL SERVICES

Six doctors practise in Ware.

### DENTAL SERVICES

There are two Dental Surgeons in Ware.

### OTHER SERVICES

There is a Mortuary managed by the Council.

Blood Transfusion Donor Sessions are held at The Priory.

There is a very active Old People's Welfare Service in Ware.





S E C T I O N    C

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA  
REPORT OF THE SENIOR PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

For the year 1962

The Priory,  
Ware, Herts.

To the Chairman and Members of the  
WARE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have great pleasure in presenting my twenty-seventh annual report.

I have modified its form by recording the number of visits made in the administration of the numerous sections of the various Acts of Parliament in a statistical section which is followed by a commentary giving more details where deemed desirable or necessary.

I have to thank Mr. J.C. Chapman, Additional Public Health Inspector for the continuance of his valued and loyal support and to record my appreciation of the interest and industry displayed by Mr. F. Fox in the reduction of our uncensored rodent population.

The continued co-operation of the Clerk and Surveyor and their staffs is appreciated and particularly so in the case of the Clerk's typists whose assistance in typing this, monthly reports and letters is invaluable.

I thank the Council and members of the Public Health Committee for the evidences of interest shown and for the continuation of their support which is so essential to the effective administration of the duties entrusted to the department.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,



Senior Public Health Inspector





# STATISTICAL RECORDS

1962

## Summary of Visits

### Public Health Act, 1936

No. of Visits

Sec.	24	Cleansing and maintenance of sewers.	54
"	39	Drainage of existing buildings.	39
"	44	W.C.'s so defective as to require reconstruction.	16
"	45	Defective W.C.'s capable of repair.	59
"	48	Testing drains.	17
"	51	Care of closets.	2
"	83/4	Filthy or verminous premises and articles.	16
"	83/4	Inspection of homes of prospective council tenants and at changes in tenancies of council houses.	121
"	87	Public sanitary conveniences.	6
"	89	Sanitary accommodation at inns, refreshment houses.	18
"	92	Statutory nuisances	
	(a)	Premises in such a state etc.	25
	(b)	Animals kept in such place or manner	1
	(c)	Any accumulation or deposit	9
	(d)	Any dust or effluvia caused by trade, business, manufacture or process - being prejudicial to health or a nuisance.	13
"	167	Cleansing and disinfection of infected premises and articles.	5
"	268	Nuisances arising from tents.	8
"	269	Notice served on occupier of tent to vacate land.	1
"	287	Notice served on occupier of house to enter Sub-section 1(a).	1
		Notice served on occupier of house of intention to apply for a warrant to enter. Sub-sections 2(a) and (b).	4

### Public Health Act, 1961

Sec.	17	Summary power to remedy stopped-up drains.	4
"	22	Power to cleanse or repair drains on application.	27
"	74	Power to reduce number of pigeons in built-up areas.	2

### Noise Abatement Act, 1960

Sec.	1	Noise or vibration nuisance.	14
------	---	------------------------------	----

### National Assistance Act, 1948

Sec.	47	Old People's Welfare - to see if action necessary.	2
------	----	--	---

C/Fwd. 464





		B/Fwd.	<u>No. of visits</u> 464
<u>Vaccination</u>			
	Authentication certificates for schools.		1
<u>Clean Air Act, 1956</u>			
Sec.	1 Prohibition of dark smoke.		36
<u>Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act</u>			
Sec.	1 Prohibition of use of land as a caravan site without licence.		58
<u>Housing Act, 1957</u>			
Sec.	3 Duty of local authority to cause inspection to be made - inspections recorded in accordance with regulations.		32
"	9 Repair of unfit house.		30
"	16 Sub-section (4) - Undertakings accepted to make house fit.		11
"	18 Closing order as to underground rooms.		4
"	23 Demolition orders: enforcement.		3
"	44 Clearance orders: enforcement.		1
"	86 Particulars of overcrowding.		5
"	170 Requisition for information as to ownership.		12
	Official Search		4
	Italians - Certificate of accommodation (availability and suitability)		
	No. issued		2
	No. refused		1
<u>Food and Drugs Act, 1955</u>			
Sec.	9 Examination of food		
	(a) Fresh meat.		949
	(b) Other foods, including tinned meat.		101
"	13 Regulation as to		
	(1) Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960		
	(a) Food, Food Premises and Personnel there at.		90
	(b) Stalls and Vehicles.		26
	(c) Meat Transport.		38
	(2) Ice Cream (Heat treatment etc.) Regulations 1959.		11
		C/Fwd.	1,879





<u>Food and Drugs Act, 1955 (contd.)</u>		<u>No. of visits</u>
		1,879
Sec. 18	Applications for registration of premises under Sec. 16 of the Act.	3
" 19	Milk and Dairies (General) Regulations, 1959 - inspection of dairies.	5
" 63	Applications for renewal of slaughterhouse licence subject to compliance with the construction regulations of The Slaughterhouses (Hygiene) Regulations, 1958 and The Slaughter of Animals (Prevention of Cruelty) (No. 2) Regulations 1954 as required by Section 1 of The Slaughterhouses Act, 1958.	1
Sec. 91	Powers of sampling.	20

Factories Act, 1961

Sec. 7	Sanitary Conveniences.	
	(a) Factories.	17
	(b) Building Operations (as applied by Section 127, Sub-section (2)(a)	59
" 57	Supply of drinking water - approval Sub-section (1)	1
" 134	Employment of persons in unwholesome premises.	17

Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949

Sec. 2	Duty of local authority -	
	Sub-section (a) Inspection of district.	24
	(Rodent operative's visits are given in separate report)	

Shops Act, 1950

Sec. 38	Sanitary and other arrangements in shops	11
		<hr/>
		2,037
		<hr/>

Complaints received

General	103
Rats and Mice.	41
	<hr/>
	144
	<hr/>



Notices ServedNo.Informal

Public Health Acts	40
Clean Air Act	1
Housing Act	2
Food & Drugs Act	1
Factories Act	14

Statutory

Public Health Act, 1936	Section 44	1
Public Health Act, 1936	" 269(3)	1
" "	" 287(1)(a)	1
" "	" 287(2)(a) & (b)	1
" "	" Sworn information to Justice Section 287.	1
Housing Act, 1957.	Section 159(c)	10

Letters

Public Health Acts.	49
Clean Air Act.	2
Caravans.	2
Housing Act.	7
Food & Drugs Act.	30
Factories Act.	10
Rodents.	4





## Water Supply

Most of the town is supplied by the Lee Valley Water Company from two wells sunk in chalk, one at Musley Lane, and the other at Musley Hill, the former being the main source of supply. The Highfields area, however, is supplied by the Metropolitan Water Board. All these supplies are chlorinated.

All houses have an internal water supply.

## Quality

Bacteriological samples of mains water taken from domestic premises in the district were satisfactory.

## Piped Supplies

Mains water is piped to sink taps in all but four cottages. Three wells serve the four cottages, and water is pumped to roof tanks in all four premises, and gravitates to sink taps. In one of these, a remote lock cottage, the water has to be hand pumped.

## Swimming Pool

The Council's swimming bath consists of an open air pool with paved surrounds and diving boards. There is a paddling pool for smaller children. The buildings house an office, changing rooms, plant and snack bar, spectators seats being on the roof.

Water which is drawn from the town mains is treated by breakpoint chlorination and continuous pressurised sand filtration. The plant is designed to change the water every 6 hours.

Monthly samples of water taken during the season were satisfactory.

## Drainage and Sewerage

No major work has been undertaken during the year although sewers have been extended to deal with new development.

## Refuse Collection and Disposal

Refuse is collected weekly and tipped at the Crane Mead site.

## Common Lodging Houses

No common lodging houses are registered within the district.





## PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936-1961

### Sewers, Drains and Sanitary Conveniences

During the year blockages were cleared in eleven sewers and maintenance work carried out in two instances.

Ten drains were cleansed and four repaired. One drain was sealed off. One drain was smoke tested and three were colour traced. The roof guttering of one house was renewed.

One water closet was rebuilt and twelve others repaired. Eight water services to closets were renewed or repaired. One disused closet was sealed off. Informal notices were served to cleanse and care for two water closets.

Two brewers were pressed to carry out improvements to the sanitary accommodation of The Spread Eagle, The Victoria, The Station Hotel and The Royal Oak.

### Filthy or Verminous Premises and Articles

One Council house was sprayed with lindane pyrethrum miscible concentrate (Formulation S.219) as a precautionary measure prior to being re-let.

Notices were served on the occupier of a private house under Section 287 sub-sections 1(a) and 2(a) and (b) and a warrant obtained to enter. With police support the entry was peacefully made and as expected the house and bedding were found to be in a very dirty condition but not verminous although there were fleas in 1961.

### Nuisances

Roofs of two houses were stripped and reslated and three were repaired. Door repairs were done at one house.

Complaint about smell from a paint spraying plant at one factory was solved on the installation of a 12 H.P. extractor fan and washer in the paint spraying booth. In another instance where a nitro cellulose lacquer spray was used the spray was not considered to be dangerous to health or a nuisance. Diesel fumes from lorries and a tractor at a pea factory were not considered to be a nuisance.

A tent occupied by two people was vacated after the service of a notice under Section 269.





### Noise Abatement Act, 1960

Complaints were made by residents living near three factories about noise. A router which produced a high pitched whine was moved from a temporarily sound proofed room to the opposite end of a factory away from the houses of the complainants. It was placed in a room with sound proofed walls and a double glazed window. Other residents complained about the noise from machinery at a pea factory. A high pitched whine was eliminated by simple adjustment but the major clatter from the pea viners continues during the summer season, sometimes unceasingly for several weeks. Rowdy behaviour on the part of some of the workers was stopped. Other machinery at a small factory including a router was further insulated by rubber mountings in addition to fibre glass mountings already provided. There was only one complainant about this noise.

### Clean Air Act, 1956

Twenty-eight observations were made of the smoke emitted from the chimneys of twelve factories. There were five emissions of black smoke exceeding two minutes in the aggregate recorded during observations of thirty minutes duration. Two of these emissions occurred at the pea factory and were due to clinkers forming on the jets of an oil burner which were immediately removed and the nuisance abated. Three emissions of black smoke were from the chimney of a public institution where at the time of writing this report a conversion from solid to oil fuel has been effected. Twenty three observations of a duration not less than thirty minutes each were satisfactory and no nuisance recorded. Boiler house inspections were made on eight occasions.

### Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960

Wallace Temple's caravan was in or near to the urban area for most of the year, moving from the rural part of the Brickfields in February to Thieves Lane within our boundary; was in Walnut Tree Walk in May, leaving for rural surroundings to return to Thieves Lane in June, August, and December. W. Baker's two caravans were in Thieves Lane in May and returned in June. Gypsies had two vans in Thieves Lane in January and John Cannon's two caravans rested on railway land at Ware Crossing for a few nights in January until the railway police moved them on request. Another caravan dweller's application for a site licence was refused and he moved away after pressure was exerted when the temporary site at which he worked was moved from the urban to the rural area.





## Housing Act, 1957

The following twenty housing inspections were made and reported upon to the Council in accordance with regulations:-

20a Baldock Street	Undertaking given not to relet by lessor 8.1.63.
41 Baldock Street	Undertaking not to relet sought.
30 Crib Street	Council considering purchase.
8 East Street	Undertaking not to relet accepted 31.12.62.
46 High Oak Road	Good house, well maintained.
53-67 (odd nos. inc) High Oak Road	The end of terrace houses Nos. 53 & 67 are in better condition than the remaining six tenanted houses, which the owner will either improve or will consider the redevelopment of the whole site if able to purchase the other two houses.
67 High Street	Owner instructed builder to repair.
31 New Road	Council considering purchase.
42 Priory Street	Council negotiating purchase.
11-14 (consecutive nos.) Coronation Rd.	Good houses which are worth improving. (see Note Circular 42/62)

Five unfit houses were demolished in the year and particulars are given in the table of individual unfit houses on page 33.

### Circular 42/62 - Improvement of houses

#### 11 - 14 Coronation Road

These structurally sound and good three bedroom houses were selected for inspection by the Council and the owner responded to their suggestion that one of them should be improved and used as a "show" house to demonstrate what can be successfully accomplished. The proposals suggested to him provided for enlarging the front living room which had a south aspect, and converting the scullery into a bathroom with internal water-closet, whilst retaining the three bedrooms and these ideas were adopted. A local builder's estimate has been accepted and it is anticipated that the work will be begun soon.

### Section 9 - Repair of unfit houses

Statutory notices were served in August, 1960 to remedy the dampness and thoroughly repair Nos. 67 & 69 Crib Street. No. 67 is still occupied by an aged person and the owner will do similar work on obtaining possession as carried out by him at No. 69 which has been improved and made fit. Repairs and improvements were done to another eleven houses.







## Section 16(4) Undertakings accepted to make fit

A time and place notice was served under Sub-section (1), in respect of 25 Gilpin Road and the Council accepted the owner's undertaking to make the house fit and this was done during the year.

## Overcrowding

Three cases of overcrowding were abated by the Council rehousing families in the following Council houses:

18 and 20 Cundalls Road and 15 King George Road.

## Housing Underground Rooms Act, 1959

Following rehousing carried out by the Council at 34A High Street the owner was willing to give an undertaking not to use a cellar for human habitation.

## FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955

### Meat Inspection

There was a very slight reduction in work compared with the previous year; the carcase units inspected being 133,565 against 142,552 in 1961. The difference represents 400 cattle, which means about one beast less per day slaughtered and inspected.

The ratio of cysticercus bovis found to the number of cattle slaughtered (excluding cows) is 1 in 67 compared with an average for the three preceding years of 1 in 81. The incidence of these parasites found in cows was 1 in 315 which is comparatively low against the figures for other bovines but higher than the incidence of 1 in 506 for cows for the years 1959-61.

Close liaison was maintained with the Divisional Veterinary Officer, Mr. H.G. Silcock, over suspect cases of swine fever and bovine tuberculosis found in cattle.

### Meat Transport

Twentyseven vehicles for the wholesale transport of meat were inspected. In one case a repeat offence against regulation 29(d) of The Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960 was reported to the Council concerning placing unseparated sheep's heads and their plucks with other fresh offals. Response has also been made to the requests made for the wrapping of cut joints in transit to butchers' shops. The majority of vehicles have metal floors and linings and can be efficiently cleansed.





Eleven vans for the retail sale of meat on delivery were inspected and found to be clean. Although hand washing facilities cannot be required for these vehicles, a little water is normally carried with soap and towel.

#### Other Stalls and Vehicles

The following were inspected and found to be clean and satisfactory.

Wholesale confectionery Vans	4
Sundry food vans	3
Frozen food vans (ex. ice-cream)	2
Ice-Cream Retail sale vans	6
Retail Bread vans	5
Market Stalls (butchers given under Meat transport)	6

One mobile ice-cream salesman was reported for a smoking offence whilst selling ice-cream. Temperature checks were made on the ice-cream being retailed by two mobile vendors and found to be below the prescribed level of 28° F. After a request to a poultry vendor to comply with Regulations 26(2) and 27(1)(a) & (b) of the Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960, he did not visit the open market again.

#### Food Premises

The most common faults relate to simple things such as the attitude of the butcher who regarded the wash-hand basin as a convenient receptacle for the safety of his clean shoes; and the more commonly found dirty hand basin used by men. The idea that dairy maids were cleaner than cowmen, possibly sprung from the fact that women might be expected to carry their cleaning expertise in domestic affairs into the dairy and this had the support, I believe, of some well known experts in dairy hygiene and public health. I find some support for this view, contrasting as I do, the apparent differences in the cleanliness of the conveniences provided for each sex. The missing towel or soap are sometimes produced from an odd corner instead of being near the basin, and the hot water heater itself, of course, can go without repair until the inspector walks in and then the order is given. I found the use of plastic flystrips in doorways efficient at a butcher's shop. After criticism was made of worn sinks at a factory canteen, three stainless steel sinks with draining boards were provided.

#### Registered Premises

Particulars of the number of premises on the register follow:

Section 16(1)(a)	For the sale or the manufacture for the purpose of sale, of ice cream, intended for sale.	34
------------------	---	----





## Registered Premises (contd.)

Section 16(1)(b)	For the preparation or manufacture of sausages or pickled food intended for sale.	9
Section 16(1)(b)	For the preparation or manufacture of preserved food intended for sale. (Jam 1. Fish Frying 1.)	2

Three premises were newly registered during the year under Section 16(1)(a). Twenty seven shops selling ice cream were inspected and storage conditions in one were unsatisfactory but rectified with a change in occupation. Nine temperature checks were taken and found satisfactory. The remaining eleven registered premises were found to be satisfactory.

## Food Sampling

### Ice Cream

Four samples of the product of the only manufacturer of ice-cream in the district were placed in provisional Grade 1 and four samples were taken of the product of a manufacturer of national repute, three being placed in provisional Grade 1 and one in Grade 2. The output of the local manufacturer is small.

### Frozen Foods

Fifteen samples of frozen peas were taken for bacteriological examination. One sample was of loose peas which had been in the greengrocer's retail sale frozen food display cabinet for approximately seven weeks. Bacterium Coli, type 1, were not found in this sample and the counts at 22°C. and 37°C. were moderate. Bacterium Coli, type 1, were not found in five and were present in nine samples. These fourteen samples were all factory packed and exposed for retail sale.

Thirty one checks were made on retail sale frozen food cabinets and temperatures checked. They were not always kept at satisfactory temperature levels, the most common cause being stocking at or slightly above the load line but the fact that checks are made is having its effect.

## Factories Act 1961

Some builders disregard the statutory requirement that their operatives should be provided with sufficient and suitable sanitary conveniences and often the privies which are found are primitive and badly kept. In the year there were three instances where accommodation was not provided and nine cases where the privies had to be reconstructed





### Factories Act 1961 (Contd.)

so as not to create a nuisance. The Clerk of the Council was instructed to take proceedings in six cases unless matters were rectified within 48 hours. This had the desired effect.

### Pest Control

The Council wisely continues to employ a full time rodent operative who keeps these vermin in check. Two old drains were sealed off and one repaired at premises where recurrent infestations occurred. Proofing measures were carried out in a cellar subject to periodic infestation.

### Shops Act, 1950

Sanitary and other arrangements required to be provided under Section 38 of the Act were installed at eight new shops opened in the High Street and as five of these were food premises it was good to have these hygienically complying with the specific regulations relating thereto at their opening.



# ANALYSIS OF UNFIT HOUSES

## CLEARANCE AREAS

<u>Area No.</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>Date Declared</u>	<u>Occupation</u>	<u>Demolition</u>
29	* 91 High Street	25.11.57	Vacant	
	* 93 High Street	"	Occupied	
30	2 Church Street	25.11.57	Vacant	
	3 " "	"	"	
	4 " "	"	"	
	5 " "	"	"	

\* Council purchased these houses in 1958.

## INDIVIDUAL UNFIT HOUSES

<u>Address</u>	<u>Demolition Order</u>	<u>Closing Order</u>	<u>Undertaking not to relet</u>	<u>Occupation</u>
1 Eagle Yard			27.11.35	
32 Baldock St.			23. 4.55	} Demolished 1963
34 " "			12. 4.55	
36 " "	Council purchased			
1 Monkey Row			31. 3.55	Occupied.
2 " "			12. 4.55	Demolished 1963
5 " "			12. 4.55	Demolished 1963
55 Watton Road	Council considering purchase			Vacant.
57 " "	" "	"	17.10.34	Boot repairs only.
8 Crib Street			20.10.37	Vacant.
17 West Street			19. 8.38	Vacant (Fruit Store)
106/8 High St.			18.11.53	Radio repairs only.
34/6 Crib St.			31. 3.55	Vacant (one house).
22 Crib Street			26. 9.55	Vacant.
32 " "		7.9.55		"
15 West Street		7.9.55		"
16 " "		7.9.55		"
1a West Street			24. 3.58	Builders store.
2 " "			30.12.57	Betting shop.
22 Church Street			25. 3.57	Vacant.





INDIVIDUAL UNFIT HOUSES (Continued)

<u>Address</u>	<u>Demolition Order</u>	<u>Closing Order</u>	<u>Undertaking not to relet</u>	<u>Occupation</u>
10 Star Street			24.3.58	Rehoused 1962)
12 " "			"	Vacant } Demolished
14 " "			"	Vacant } 1963
6 Church Street			6.10.58	Vacant (Storage)
50a " "			24.2.58	" 2nd F. flat
153 Musley Hill	28.12.59			Demolished 1962
155 " - "	28.12.59			Demolished 1962
1 East Street			28.3.60	Tailoring
8 " "			31.12.62	Occupied
20 Crib Street	Time & Place notice	22.2.60		Vacant
23 Gilpin Road			12.8.60	Occupied
25 " "	Undertaking to make fit given		6.4.62	Made fit 1962
48 Star Street			16.7.61	Occupied
30 Priory Street	Council purchased			Demolished 1962
107 New Road	" "			Demolished 1962
74 Musley Hill	26.10.59			Demolished 1962

Houses where individual action taken or contemplated

⌘ 42 Crib Street	Undertaking to make fit postponed until decision reached on Crib Street.	Occupied
⌘ 46 " "	Under repair (Undertaking given 7.9.60)	Vacant

(⌘ Included in Clearance Area representation 27.7.1959).





## HOUSING PROGRESS

### NEW HOUSING BY PRIVATE ENTERPRISE

During 1962

New dwellings erected	286
Conversions or adaptations in terms of family units .....	3

### BY LOCAL AUTHORITY

New dwellings erected	84
Conversions or adaptations in terms of family units .....	NIL

### BY OTHER AUTHORITIES

(County Council, Police etc.)	6
-------------------------------	---

### TOTAL PROPERTIES CONTROLLED BY THE COUNCIL

Council Houses	1,334
Temporary prefabricated bungalows	NIL
Sundries (including shops)	21



CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED

	Cattle excl Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs
Number killed during 1962	3,369	1,576	818	6,540	24,527
Number killed during 1961	4,261	1,539	792	7,833	22,180
Number inspected during 1962	3,369	1,576	818	6,540	24,527
Number inspected during 1961	4,261	1,539	792	7,833	22,170
All diseases except Tuberculosis Whole carcasses condemned.	4	7	8	43	64
% of the number inspected totally condemned.	0.12	0.44	0.98	0.66	0.26
Tuberculosis only, Whole Carcasses condemned.	-	-	-	-	1
% of the number inspected totally condemned.	-	-	-	-	0.004
<u>Cysticercosis</u> Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	50	5	-	-	-
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	1	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally Condemned.	-	-	-	-	-





Total Weight of Meat Condemned in lbs.

<u>Home Killed</u>	<u>Beef</u>	<u>Mutton</u>	<u>Pork</u>	<u>Total</u>
Diseased.	28,538	3,326	23,288	55,152

Weight of Carcase Meat Condemned in lbs

<u>Beef</u>	<u>Mutton</u>	<u>Pork</u>	<u>Total</u>
6,433	2,235	10,205	18,873

OTHER FOODS

The following foods were found to be unfit for human consumption and were surrendered:-

	<u>No. of Containers</u>	<u>Approx. Weight in lbs.</u>
Tinned fruit, vegetables etc.	505	666
" beef	19	56
" pork	15	52
" ham	7	71
" corned beef	16	36
" mutton	2	2
" fish	9	6
" milk	44	44
Chicken	1	5
Other items	8	4
	<u>626</u>	<u>942</u>

Condemnation notes issued 133





TYPE OF PROPERTY						
Non-Agricultural.						
		Local Authority	Dwelling Houses	All others incl. Business	TOTAL	Agricult- ural
I	No. of properties in District	12	3,657	662	4,331	15
II	No. of properties inspected as a result of notification	-	29	9	38	-
	No. of such properties found to be infested by:-	-	-	-	-	-
	Common Rat	-	24	4	28	-
	Ship Rat	-	-	-	-	-
	House Mouse	-	-	-	-	-
III	Total No. of properties inspected in course of survey under the Act.	12	1,347	94	1,453	3
	No. of such properties found to be infested by:-	-	-	-	-	-
	Common Rat	10	204	9	223	1
	Ship Rat	-	-	-	-	-
	House Mouse	-	-	2	2	-
		2	56	5	63	-





TYPE OF PROPERTY					
	Non-Agricultural				Agricultural
	Local Authority	Dwelling Houses	All others incl. Business	TOTAL	
IV	Total No. of properties otherwise inspected	-	24	33	57
V	Total inspections carried out including re-inspections	283	3,757	449	4,489
VI	No. of infested properties treated by L.A.	10	275	15	-
VIII	No. of notices served under Sect. 4 of the ACT	NIL			
IX	No. of cases in which default action taken.	NIL			
X	Legal Proceedings.	No legal proceedings were necessary during the year.			
XI	No. of 'Block' Control Schemes carried out.	3 areas.			





ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH  
IN RESPECT OF THE YEAR 1962 FOR THE URBAN  
DISTRICT OF WARE IN THE COUNTY OF HERTFORDSHIRE

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration  
of the Factories Act, 1961

PART I OF THE ACT

1.- INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of		
		Inspections (3)	Written notices (4)	Occupiers prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Section 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities-	8	-	NIL	NIL
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority .....	70	17	2	NIL
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises) .....	26	59	12	NIL
Total .....	104	76	14	NIL

2.- Cases in which DEFECTS were found

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred to H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Want of cleanliness (s.1)	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (s.2).....	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temp. (s.3).	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate vent. (s.4)...	-	-	-	-	-





Particulars  (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted  (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Ineffective drainage of Floors (s.6) .....	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (s.7)					
(a) Insufficient .....	3	3	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective .....	11	11	-	1	-
(c) Not separate for sexes .....	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork) .....	-	-	-	-	-
Total .....	14	14	-	1	NIL

PART VIII OF THE ACT

Outwork

(Sections 133 and 134)

Nature of Work  (1)	Section 133			Section 134		
	No. of out-workers in August list required by Section 133(1) (c) (2)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council (3)	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists (4)	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises (5)	Notices served (6)	Prosecutions (7)
Pager bags	8	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	8	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

